# **EXHIBIT J**



Civil Rights Division

RECEIVED
GILA COUNTY ELECTIONS

02 JUN -6 AM 9: 26

JDR:JR:ALP:jdh DJ 166-012-3 2002-2218 Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

June 3, 2002

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the procedures for conducting the November 5, 2002, special referendum and tax election and, upon voter approval, the creation of the Gila Community College District governed by five board members elected by plurality vote from single-member districts, to serve six-year, staggered terms; the establishment of candidate qualifications, the method of staggering, and procedures for filling vacancies for the district in Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on April 4, 2002.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. See the Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely,

Chief, Voting Section



Civil Rights Division

RECEIVED
GILA COUNTY ELECTIONS

02 AUG 12 AM 9: 18

JDR:TCH:SMC:nj DJ 166-012-3 2002-3232

Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

August 5, 2002

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, Gila County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the 2001 redistricting plan and the realignment of voting precincts for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on June 6, 2002.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. See the Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely

Joseph D Righ Chief, Voting Section



#### Civil Rights Division

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GILA COUNTY ELECTIONS

02 OCT 15 PM 4: 50

JDR:MJP:HCL:par DJ 166-012-3 2002-4312 Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

October 10, 2002

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the polling place changes and polling place name change for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on August 19, 2002.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. See the Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely,

Joseph D. Rich Chief, Voting Section

Mila Patt



Civil Rights Division

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JDR:MSR:ALP:nj DJ 166-012-3 2003-1563 03 JUL - 3 AM

Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Room 7254 Washington, DC 20530

June 30, 2003

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

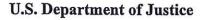
Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the realignment of voting precincts for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on May 5, 2003.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified change. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the change. See the Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely,

ief, Voting Section





#### Civil Rights Division

JDR:JBG:AN:par DJ 166-012-3 2004-2675

Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

July 20, 2004

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the polling place changes for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on June 16, 2004.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. In addition, as authorized by Section 5, we reserve the right to reexamine this submission if additional information that would otherwise require an objection comes to our attention during the remainder of the sixty-day review period. See Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act (28 C.F.R. 51.41 and 51.43).

Sincerely

Joseph D. Rich Chief, Voting Section



Civil Rights Division

JKT:RPL:TGL:par DJ 166-012-3 2005-4686

Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

February 22, 2006

Ms. Dixie Mundy, Director Gila County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the consolidation and realignment of voting precincts and the elimination of a polling place for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on December 29, 2005.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely,

John Tanner Chief, Voting Section



Civil Rights Division

JKT:KD:KL:par DJ 166-012-3 2006-3739 2006-4394

Voting Section - NWB 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530

June 7, 2006

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director Gila County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to four polling place changes and an additional voting method for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submissions on April 10 and May 12, 2006.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Please be advised that Sections 4(f)(4) and 203(c) of the Voting Rights Act require that the audio function of the accessible voting device include both an English and Spanish version to serve voters with limited English proficiency. See the Attorney General's Language Minority Guidelines (28 C.F.R. Part 55), available at www.usdoj.gov/crt/voting/28cfr/55/28cfr55.htm.

Sincerely,

John Tanner Chief, Voting Section

cc: Records Inv. File Pub. File



Civil Rights Division

JKT:JR:RW:maf DJ 166-012-3 2006-4744

Voting Section - NWB. 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

October 23, 2006

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, County Division of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the polling place change for Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submission on August 28, 2006.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified change. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the change. Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely,

John Tanner Chief, Voting Section



Civil Rights Division

JKT:RPL:JP:JEM:jdh DJ 166-012-3 2007-3812 2007-3915

Voting Section - NWB 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530

November 27, 2007

Ms. Dixie Mundy Director, County Department of Elections 1400 East Ash Street Globe, Arizona 85501

Dear Ms. Mundy:

This refers to the procedures for conducting the November 6, 2007, special bond election; two polling place changes; and the Spanish and Apache language election procedures, including the establishment of Spanish and Apache language voter outreach programs, for Gila County, Arizona, and the procedures for conducting the November 6, 2007, special excise tax election, and if the tax is approved by the voters, the creation of the Gila County Arizona Jail District in Gila County, Arizona, submitted to the Attorney General pursuant to Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973c. We received your submissions on August 8 and 15, 2007; supplemental information was received through October 5, 2007.

The Attorney General does not interpose any objection to the specified changes. However, we note that Section 5 expressly provides that the failure of the Attorney General to object does not bar subsequent litigation to enjoin the enforcement of the changes. Procedures for the Administration of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act (28 C.F.R. 51.41).

Sincerely,

John Tanner Chief, Voting Section